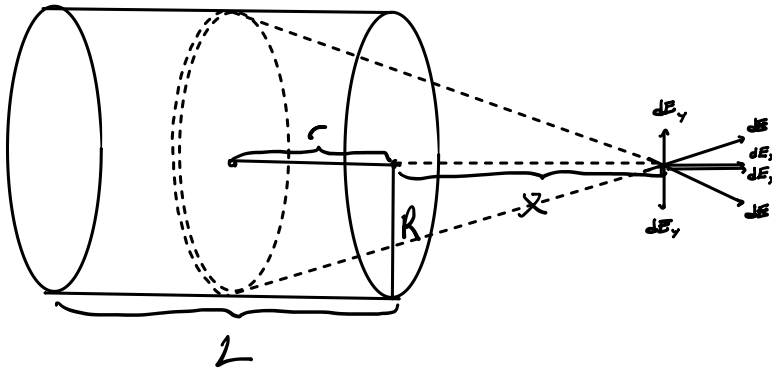


(charge density: ρ) $\left(\rho = \frac{Q}{\pi R^2 L} \right)$

from the \vec{E} of a uniformly charged circle



$$dE_x = \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{dq}{R^2} \left(1 - \frac{x+r}{\sqrt{(x+r)^2 + R^2}} \right) \hat{x}$$

$$dq = \rho dV$$

$$dV = \pi R^2 dr$$

$$dE_x = \frac{\rho}{2\epsilon_0} \left(1 - \frac{x+r}{\sqrt{(x+r)^2 + R^2}} \right) \hat{x} \rightarrow \int dE_x = \int_0^L \frac{\rho}{2\epsilon_0} \left(1 - \frac{x+r}{\sqrt{(x+r)^2 + R^2}} \right) \hat{x} dr = \frac{\rho}{2\epsilon_0} \left(L - \sqrt{(x+L)^2 + R^2} + \sqrt{x^2 + R^2} \right) \hat{x} = \frac{1}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{\pi R^2 L} \left(L - \sqrt{(x+L)^2 + R^2} + \sqrt{x^2 + R^2} \right) \hat{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{R^2 L} \left(L - \sqrt{(x+L)^2 + R^2} + \sqrt{x^2 + R^2} \right) \hat{x} = \frac{2kQ}{R^2 L} \left(L - \sqrt{(x+L)^2 + R^2} + \sqrt{x^2 + R^2} \right) \hat{x} = \vec{E}$$